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In the Claims:

1-58. (Canceled)

- 59. (Previously Presented) An isolated human monoclonal antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) an antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, comprising (i) a heavy chain variable region comprising CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 sequences comprising amino acid residues 30-35, amino acid residues 50-66, and amino acid residues 99-108 of SEQ ID NO:2, respectively; and (ii) a light chain variable region comprising CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 sequences comprising amino acid residues 24-34, amino acid residues 50-56, and amino acid residues of 89-97 of SEQ ID NO:4, respectively, wherein the antibody binds to human CD89; and
- (b) an antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, comprising (i) a heavy chain variable region comprising CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 sequences comprising amino acid residues 31-35, amino acid residues 50-66, and amino acid residues 99-108 of SEQ ID NO:6, respectively; and (ii) a light chain variable region comprising CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 sequences comprising amino acid residues 24-35, amino acid residues 51-57, and amino acid residues 90-99 of SEQ ID NO:8, respectively, wherein the antibody binds to human CD89.
- 60. (Previously Presented) An isolated human monoclonal antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, comprising a human heavy chain variable region and a human light chain variable region, wherein:
- (a) the human heavy chain variable region comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2;
- (b) the human light chain variable region comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4;
 - (c) the antibody binds to human CD89;
- (d) the antibody does not activate complement upon binding to CD89 in vivo; and
 - (e) the antibody does not block IgA binding to CD89.

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- 61. (Previously Presented) An isolated human monoclonal antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, comprising a human heavy chain variable region and a human light chain variable region, wherein:
- (a) the human heavy chain variable region comprises the amino acid
 sequence of SEQ ID NO:6;
- (b) the human light chain variable region comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8;
 - (c) the antibody binds to human CD89;
- (d) the antibody does not activate complement upon binding to CD89 in vivo; and
 - (e) the antibody does not block IgA binding to CD89.
- 62. (Original) An isolated human monoclonal antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, comprising human heavy chain and human light chain variable regions comprising the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NO:2 and SEO ID NO:4, respectively.
- 63. (Original) An isolated human monoclonal antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, comprising human heavy chain and human light chain variable regions comprising the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NO:6 and SEQ ID NO:8, respectively.
- 64. (Previously Presented) An isolated human monoclonal antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, comprising:
- (a) a heavy chain variable region derived from a human germline $V_{\rm H}$ 3-30.3 gene (SEQ ID NO:9); and
- (b) a light chain variable region derived from a human germline V_K L18 gene (SEQ ID NO:10) or V_K A27 gene (SEQ ID NO:11);

wherein the human antibody binds human CD89.

65. (Previously Presented) The antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, of claim 64, wherein the light chain variable region is derived from a human germline $V_K \perp 18$ gene (SEQ ID NO:10).

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- 66. (Previously Presented) The antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, of claim 64, wherein the light chain variable region is derived from a human germline V_K A27 gene (SEQ ID NO:11).
- 67. (Previously Presented) The antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, of claim 59, 60 or 61, wherein the antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, is a Fab fragment or a single chain antibody.
- 68. (Previously Presented) A hybridoma comprising a B cell obtained from a transgenic nonhuman animal having a genome comprising a human heavy chain transgene and a light chain transgene fused to an immortalized cell, wherein the hybridoma produces a detectable amount of the antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, of claim 59, 60, or 61.
- 69. (Previously Presented) A transfectoma comprising nucleic acids encoding a human heavy chain and a human light chain, wherein the transfectoma produces a detectable amount of the antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, of claim 59, 60, or 61.

70. (Canceled)

71. (Previously Presented) A method of producing the antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, of claim 59, 60, or 61, comprising:

immunizing a transgenic nonhuman animal having a genome comprising a human heavy chain transgene and a human light chain transgene with human CD89 or a cell expressing human CD89, such that antibodies are produced by B cells of the animal:

isolating B cells of the animal;

fusing the B cells with myeloma cells to form immortal, hybridoma cells that secrete human monoclonal antibodies specific for CD89; and

isolating the human monoclonal antibodies specific for CD89 from the culture supermatant of the hybridoma.

72 - 84. (Canceled)

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85. (Previously Presented) A composition comprising the antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, of claim 59, 60, or 61 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

86-87. (Canceled)

- 88. (Previously Presented) A composition comprising a combination of two or more antibodies, or antigen binding portions thereof, of claim 59, 60, or 61, wherein each of said antibodies, or antigen binding portions thereof, binds to a distinct epitope of human CD89.
- 89. (Original) The composition of claim 85 further comprising a cytotoxic agent.
 - 90. (Canceled)
 - 91-98. (Canceled)
- 99. (Previously Presented) A method of detecting the presence of CD89 or a cell expressing CD89 in a sample, comprising:

contacting the sample with the antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, of claim 59, 60, or 61 under conditions that allow for formation of a complex between the antibody, or antigen binding portion thereof, and CD89; and

detecting the formation of the complex.

100. (Canceled)